

GP2S28

Optimal Detecting Distance: 6mm Phototransistor Output, Case package Reflective Photointerrupter



Description

GP2S28 is a standard, phototransistor output, reflective photointerrupter with emitter and detector facing the same direction in a case that provides non-contact sensing, resulting in a through-hole design.

The case includes snap-mount positioning hooks and a position pin to prevent mis-alignment.

Features

- 1. Reflective with phototransistor Output
- 2. Highlights :
 - Snap-mount positioning hooks
 - · Position pin to prevent mis-alignment.
- 3. Key Parameters :
 - Optimal Sensing Distance : 3 to 14mm
 - Package : 12.8×9.3×5.4mm
- 4. Lead free and RoHS directive compliant

■ Agency approvals/Compliance

1. Compliant with RoHS directive

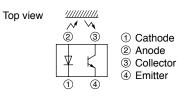
Applications

- 1. General purpose detection of object presence or motion.
- 2. Example : Printer, FAX, Optical storage unit.

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■ Internal Connection Diagram



■ Outline Dimensions (Unit : mm) Top view 5 Sharp mark "S" Model code (2) Ľ ີຄ ېې ص Date code (4) Surface of sensor 12.8+0.2 5.4 Πt 9.3^{±0.2} 0.7^{±0.1} Ś ß 0.6^{±0.1} $3.8^{\pm 0.5}$ (0.6) (0.6) ω. ╘ Γ o±0.1 ö (5) (4) 3⁺⁰-0.1 13⁺⁰-0.3 2-0.5+0.2 4-0.45+0.15 $4-0.45_{-0.1}^{+0.15}$ Unspecified tolerance : ±0.2mm Œ ġ. • () : Reference dimensions à (2.54) • Thin burr is not included in tolerance. 3 φ**1**+0 -0.1 Product mass : approx. 0.6g

Solder material : Sn_3Ag_0.5Cu dipping

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Date code (2 digit)

\ O /					
1st digit		2nd digit			
Year of production		Month of production			
A.D.	Mark	Month	Mark		
2000	0	1	1		
2001	1	2	2		
2002	2	3	3		
2003	3	4	4		
2004	4	5	5		
2005	5	6	6		
2006	6	7	7		
2007	7	8	8		
2008	8	9	9		
2009	9	10	X		
2010	0	11	Y		
:	:	12	Z		

repeats in a 10 year cycle

Country of origin Japan

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■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (T _a =25°				
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
	^{*1} Forward current	I _F	60	mA
Input	* ^{1, 2} Peak forward current	I _{FM}	1	A
Input	Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V
	Power dissipation	Р	150	mW
	Collector-emitter voltage	V _{CEO}	35	V
Output	Emitter-collector voltage	V _{ECO}	6	V
Output	Collector current	I _C	20	mA
	^{*1} Collector power dissipation	P _C	50	mW
Operating temperature		T _{opr}	-25 to +85	°C
Storage temperature		T _{stg}	-40 to +85	°C
*3Soldering temperature		T _{sol}	260	°C

*1 Refer to Fig.2, 3, 4

*2 Pulse width $\leq 100 \mu s$, Duty ratio=0.01

*3 For 5s or less

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

 $(T_{2}=25^{\circ}C)$

				($1_{a} - 25 C)$			
Parameter		Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
	Forward voltage		$V_{\rm F}$	I _F =20mA	-	1.3	1.5	V
Input	Input Peak forward voltage		V_{FM}	I _{FM} =0.5A		2.2	3.5	V
Reverse current		I _R	V _R =3V	-	-	10	μΑ	
Output	tput Collector dark current		I _{CEO}	$V_{CE}=20V$	-	1	100	nA
Tronofor	^{*4} Collector current		I _C	$V_{CE}=5V, I_{F}=20mA$	0.04	-	0.9	mA
	Transfer Collector-emitter saturation voltage		V _{CE(sat)}	I _F =40mA, I _C =0.04mA	-	-	0.4	V
teristics Response time	Desperanting	Rise time	t _r	$V_{CE}=2V, I_{C}=0.1 \text{mA}, R_{I}=100\Omega$	-	-	20	
	Fall time	t _f	$v_{CE}=2v$, $i_{C}=0.1111A$, $K_{L}=10022$	-	-	30	μs	

*4 The conditions and arrangement of the reflective object are shown below.

• Measuring Configulation of Collector Current

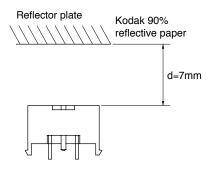
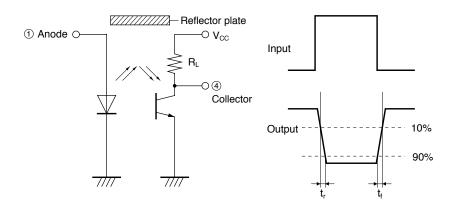
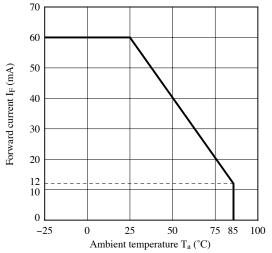




Fig.1 Test Circuit for Response Time









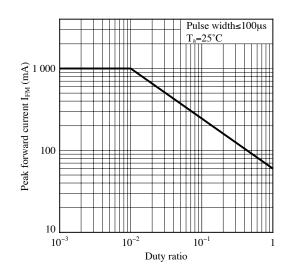
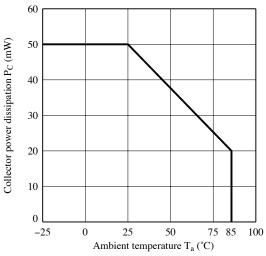


Fig.3 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature





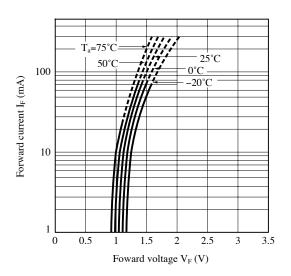
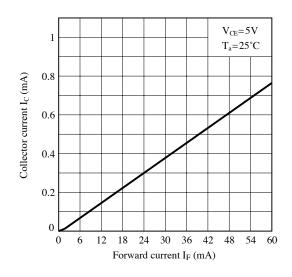
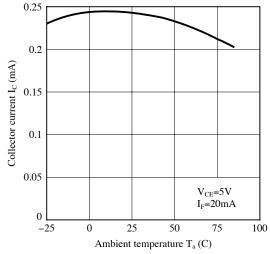


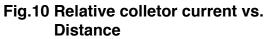


Fig.6 Collector Current vs. Forward Current









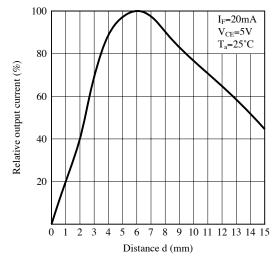


Fig.7 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

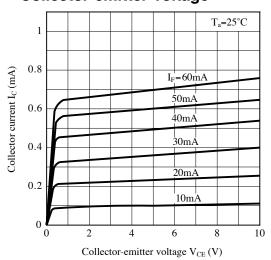
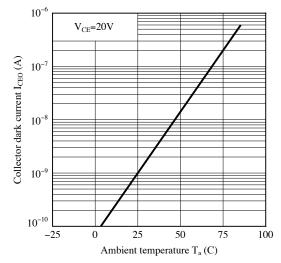
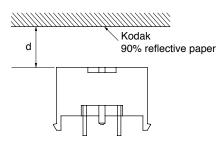


Fig.9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature



(Test arrangement)



Remarks : Please be aware that all data in the graph are just for reference and not for guarantee.



Design Considerations

• Design guide

1) Prevention of detection error

To prevent photointerrupter from faulty operation caused by external light, do not set the detecting face to the external light.

2) Distance characteristics

The distance beteen the photointerrupter and the object to be detected shall be determined by referencing Fig.10 "Relative collector current vs. distance".

This product is not designed against irradiation and incorporates non-coherent IRED.

Degradation

In general, the emission of the IRED used in photocouplers will degrade over time.

In the case of long term operation, please take the general IRED degradation (50% degradation over 5 years) into the design consideration.

Parts

This product is assembled using the below parts.

• Photodetector (qty. : 1)

Category	Material	Maximum Sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Response time (µs)
Phototransistor	Silicon (Si)	800	700 to 1 200	3.5

• Photo emitter (qty. : 1)

Category	Material	Maximum light emitting wavelength (nm)	I/O Frequency (MHz)
Infrared emitting diode (non-coherent)	Gallium arsenide (GaAs)	950	0.3

Material

Case	Lead frame plating
Black Polycarbonate resin (UL94 HB)	Solder dip. (Sn–3Ag–0.5Cu)



Manufacturing Guidelines

Soldering Method

Soldering:

To solder onto lead pins, soldering at 260°C for 5 s or less.

Please take care not to let any external force on lead pins when soldering on just after soldering. Please don't do soldering with preheating, and please don't do soldering by reflow.

Other notice

Please test the soldering method in actual condition and make sure the soldering works fine, since the impact on the junction between the device and PCB varies depending on the cooling and soldering conditions.

Flux

Some flux, which is used in soldering, may crack the package due to synergistic effect of alcohol in flux and the rise in temperature by heat in soldering. Therefore, in using flux, please make sure that it does not have any influence on appearance and reliability of the photointerrupter.

Cleaning instructions

Solvent cleaning :

Solvent temperature should be 45°C or below. Immersion time should be 3 minutes or less.

Ultrasonic cleaning :

The affect to device by ultrasonic cleaning is different by cleaning bath size, ultrasonic power output, cleaning time, PCB size or device mounting condition etc.

Please test it in actual using condition and confirm that doesn't occur any defect before starting the ultrasonic cleaning.

Recommended solvent materials :

Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol.

Presence of ODC

This product shall not contain the following materials. And they are not used in the production process for this product. Regulation substances : CFCs, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)

Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBOs and PBBs are not used in this product at all.

This product shall not contain the following materials banned in the RoHS Directive (2002/95/EC).

 Lead, Mercury, Cadmium, Hexavalent chromium, Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE).



Package specification

Case package

Package materials

Anti-static plastic bag : Polyethtylene Moltopren : Urethane Partition : Corrugated fiberboard Packing case : Corrugated fiberboard

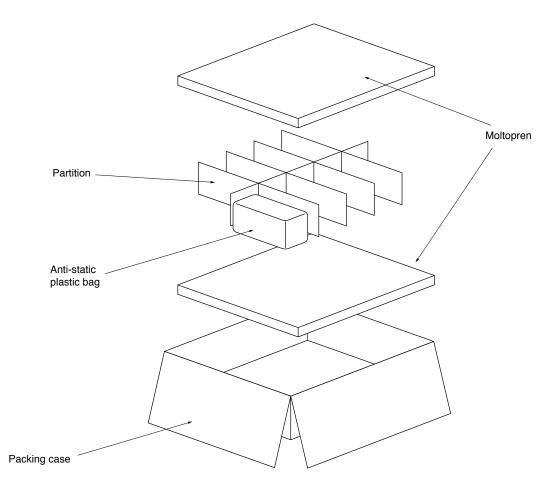
Package method

100 pcs of products shall be packaged in a plastic bag. Ends shall be fixed by stoppers. The bottom ot the packing case is covered with moltopren, and the partition is set in the packing case. Each partition should have 1 plastic bag.

The 10 plastic bags containing a product are put in the packing case.

Moltopren should be located after all product are settled (1 packing conteains 1 000 pcs).

Packing composition



GP2S28

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- --- Personal computers
- --- Office automation equipment
- --- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
- --- Test and measurement equipment
- --- Industrial control
- --- Audio visual equipment
- --- Consumer electronics

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- --- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- --- Traffic signals
- --- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- --- Alarm equipment
- --- Various safety devices, etc.

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